SAFETY DATA SHEET



Revision date: 21-Sep-2022

Revision Number 2

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product identifier		
Product Name	Sledge Herbicide	
Product Code(s)	00000063051	
Other means of identification		
Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use		
Recommended use	Agricultural herbicide for use as described on the product label.	
Uses advised against	No information available.	
Supplier Sipcam Pacific Australia Pty. Ltd. ABN: 94 073 176 888 Street Address: Level 1, 191 Malop Street Geelong, Victoria, 3220 Australia		

Telephone Number: +61 (0) 3 5223 3746 (business hours) Facsimile: +61 (0) 3 5223 3756 Website: www.sipcam.com.au

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number

1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

Not classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG)

Flammable liquids	Category 4
Aspiration hazard	Category 1
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
Reproductive toxicity	Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 3
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 3

SIGNAL WORD Danger

Label elements



Hazard statements

- H227 Combustible liquid
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- H315 Causes skin irritation
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation
- H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Avoid release to the environment

Precautionary Statements - Response

If exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician Do NOT induce vomiting In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place

Store locked up

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable

Other hazards which do not result in classification

General Hazards Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP)

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

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Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic	64742-94-5	756 g/L
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	872-50-4	102 g/L

Pyraflufen-ethyl	129630-19-9	25 g/L
Non hazardous component(s)	-	to 100%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice	For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a physician if symptoms occur. Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Aspiration into lungs can produce severe lung damage.
Eye contact	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids. Consult a physician.
Skin contact	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Clean mouth with water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. ASPIRATION HAZARD IF SWALLOWED - CAN ENTER LUNGS AND CAUSE DAMAGE.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

 Symptoms
 Delayed pulmonary edema may occur.

 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians Trea

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES		
Suitable Extinguishing Media		
Suitable Extinguishing Media	Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	No information available.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical		
Specific hazards arising from the	Combustible material. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors	
chemical	may travel to source of ignition and flash back.	
Hazardous combustion products	Carbon oxides.	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters		
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protection equipment.	

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe vapor or mist.	
For emergency responders	Pay attention to flashback. Remove all sources of ignition. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.	
Environmental precautions		
Environmental precautions	Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.	
Methods and material for containme	ent and cleaning up	
Methods for containment	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see Section 13).	
Methods for cleaning up	Avoid breathing dust or spray mist. Dike far ahead of spill to collect runoff water. Take up with inert, damp, non-combustible material using clean non-sparking tools and place into loosely covered plastic containers for later disposal. Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal.	
7. HANDLING AND STORAGE		
Precautions for safe handling		
Advice on safe handling	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.	
General hygiene considerations	Do not breathe vapor or mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Wash hands and face before breaks and immediately after handling the product.	

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.
	Classified as a C1 (COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID) for the purpose of storage and handling, in accordance with the requirements of AS 1940. Refer to State Regulations for storage and

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents, strong acids, and strong bases.

transport requirements.

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP)

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8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Limits

No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) - the airborne concentration of a particular substance calculated as a time-weighted average over 15 minutes, which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight hour work day. According to current knowledge this concentration should neither impair the health of, nor cause undue discomfort to, nearly all workers.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, GLOVES, RESPIRATOR.

Eye/face protection	Goggles.
Skin and body protection	Overalls.
Hand protection	Impervious gloves.
Respiratory protection	If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear an organic vapour respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.
Environmental exposure controls	No information available.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical stateLiquidAppearanceNo information available.ColorPale Yellow

Odor Odor threshold	Characteristic No information available.	
Property_	Values	Remarks • Method
рН	No data available	None known
pH (as aqueous solution)	5.5 (1% suspension)	None known
Melting point / freezing point	No data available	None known
Boiling point / boiling range	No data available	None known
Flash point	70°C	None known
Evaporation rate	No data available	None known
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available	None known
Flammability Limit in Air		None known
Upper flammability or explosive limits	No data available	
Lower flammability or explosive limits	No data available	
Vapor pressure	No data available	None known
Vapor density	No data available	None known
Relative density	1.02	None known
Water solubility	Emulsifiable	None known
Solubility(ies)	No data available	None known
Partition coefficient	No data available	None known
Autoignition temperature	No data available	None known
Decomposition temperature	No data available	None known
Kinematic viscosity	No data available	None known
Dynamic viscosity	No data available	None known

Other information

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity		
Reactivity	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.	
Chemical stability		
Stability	Stable under normal conditions.	
Explosion data Sensitivity to mechanical impac	t None.	
Sensitivity to static discharge	None.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Vapours can form an explosive mixture with air.	
Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	Do not contaminate food or feed stuffs. Avoid contact with combustible substances.	
Incompatible materials		
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents, strong acids, and strong bases.	
Hazardous decomposition products		
Hazardous decomposition products Carbon oxides.		

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information	No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:	
Inhalation	Vapors may be irritating to eyes, nose, throat, and lungs. Aspiration into lungs can produce severe lung damage.	
Eye contact	Causes eye irritation.	
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may lead to irritant contact dermatitis.	
Ingestion	Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.	
Symptoms	No information available.	
Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information		

No information available.

Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	>2 mL/kg (Rabbit)	> 590 mg/m³(Rat)4 h
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	= 3914 mg/kg (Rat)	= 8 g/kg(Rabbit)	> 5.1 mg/L (Rat)4 h

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation	Irritating to skin. Classification based on individual ingredients of the mixture.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes eye irritation. Classification based on individual ingredients of the mixture.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	No information available.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No information available.
Carcinogenicity	No information available.
Reproductive toxicity	May damage fertility or the unborn child. Classification based on individual ingredients of the mixture.
STOT - single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
STOT - repeated exposure	No information available.
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Ecotoxicity

The environmental impact of this product has not been fully investigated. Avoid contaminating waterways. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic	EC50: =2.5mg/L (72h, Skeletonema costatum)	LC50: =19mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =2.34mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: =1740mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: =45mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =41mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas)	-	-
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	EC50: >500mg/L (72h, Desmodesmus subspicatus)	LC50: =832mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: =1072mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =1400mg/L (96h, Poecilia reticulata) LC50: =4000mg/L (96h, Leuciscus idus)	-	EC50: =4897mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna)

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability Biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic	2.9 - 6.1
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone	-0.46

Mobility

Mobility in soil

No information available.

Other adverse effects

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation.
Contaminated packaging	Dispose of contents/containers in accordance with local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADG

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for transport by Road and

Rail; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

<u>IATA</u>

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

IMDG

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations

Australia

Classified as a hazardous chemical in accordance with the criteria of Safe Work Australia - Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

Not classified as dangerous goods in accordance with the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG)

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

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Poisons Schedule (SUSMP)

Chemical name	National pollutant inventory	
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, heavy aromatic - 64742-94-5	20 MW Threshold category 2b total	
	60000 MWH Threshold category 2b total	
	1 tonne/h Threshold category 2a total	
	25 tonne/yr Threshold category 1a total	
	400 tonne/yr Threshold category 2a total	
	2000 tonne/yr Threshold category 2b total	
N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone - 872-50-4	20 MW Threshold category 2b total	
	60000 MWH Threshold category 2b total	
	1 tonne/h Threshold category 2a total	
	25 tonne/yr Threshold category 1a total	
	400 tonne/yr Threshold category 2a total	
	2000 tonne/yr Threshold category 2b total	

International Inventories AIIC

This product is registered in Australia by the Australian Pesticides & Veterinary Medicines Authority (APVMA).

Legend:

- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

International Regulations

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Supplier Safety Data Sheet 04/2019

Reason(s) For Issue: Revised Primary SDS

Alignment to GHS requirements

Issuing Date: 21-Sep-2022

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and SDS Services).

Revision Note:

The symbol (*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend	Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL	PROTECTION	
TWA	TWA (time-weighted average)	STEL	;
Ceiling	Maximum limit value	*	;
С	Carcinogen		

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) Skin designation

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

EPA (Environmental Protection Agency) Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s)) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals Food Research Journal Hazardous Substance Database International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID) Japan GHS Classification Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS) NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health) National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP) National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED) National Toxicology Program (NTP) New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID) Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances) World Health Organization

Disclaimer

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Sipcam Pacific Australia Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Sipcam representative or Sipcam Pacific Australia Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Sipcam Pacific Australia Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

End of Safety Data Sheet